§ 866.5230

Measurement of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of any disease concerned with abnormal levels of IgG gamma globulins such as agammaglobulinemia or multiple myeloma.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994; 66 FR 38793, July 25, 2001]

§866.5230 Colostrum immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A colostrum immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the specific proteins in colostrum. Colostrum is a substance excreted by the mammary glands during pregnancy and until production of breast milk begins 1 to 5 days after childbirth

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994; 66 FR 38793, July 25, 2001]

§866.5240 Complement components immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A complement components immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques complement components C_{1q} , C_{1r} , C_{1s} , C_{2} , C_{3} , C_{4} , C_{5} , C_{6} , C_{7} , C_{8} , and C_{9} , in serum, other body fluids, and tissues. Complement is a group of serum proteins which destroy infectious agents. Measurements of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of immunologic disorders, especially those associated with deficiencies of complement components.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

 $[47\ FR\ 50823,\ Nov.\ 9,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 53\ FR\ 11253,\ Apr.\ 6,\ 1988]$

\$ 866.5250 Complement C_2 inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A complement C1 inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the complement C₁ inhibitor (a plasma protein) in serum. Complement C1 inhibitor occurs normally in plasma and blocks the action of the C₁ component of complement (a group of serum proteins which destroy infectious agents). Measurement of complement C_1 inhibitor aids in the diagnosis of hereditary angioneurotic edema (increased blood vessel permeability causing swelling of tissues) and a rare form of angioedema associated with lymphoma (lymph node

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

\$866.5260 Complement C_{3b} inactivator immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A complement C_{3b} inactivator immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the complement C_{3b} inactivator (a plasma protein) in serum. Complement is a group of serum proteins that destroy infectious agents. Measurement of complement C_{3b} inactivator aids in the diagnosis of inherited antibody dysfunction.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§866.5270 C-reactive protein immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A C-reactive protein immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the C-reactive protein in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of C-reactive protein aids in evaluation of the amount of injury to body tissues.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§866.5320 Properdin factor B immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. A properdin factor B immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used